



COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, PUNE

(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra.)
SHIVAJI NAGAR, PUNE - 411 005

END Semester Examination

(PE-14004) Manufacturing Economics

Course: B.Tech

Branch: Production S/w

Semester: Sem VII

Max.Marks:60

Year: 2014-2015

Date: 28/11/2014

Duration: 3 Hours Time:- 2 pm to 5 pm

Instructions:

MIS No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

1. Figures to the right indicate the full marks.
2. Mobile phones and programmable calculators are strictly prohibited.
3. Writing anything on question paper is not allowed.
4. Exchange/Sharing of anything like stationery, calculator is not allowed.
5. Assume suitable data if necessary.
6. Write your MIS Number on Question Paper

1. Explain Marginal Costing? Give example 2
2. What is difference between standard cost and absorption cost? 2
3. What is variance analysis? 1
4. What is Material Price and quantity variance, explain with formula 2
5. What is throughput time and delivery cycle time, explain with diagram 2
6. What is Cost reduction? 1
7. What are the areas of cost reduction? 2
8. Explain the difference between Cost Control and Cost Reduction 2
9. What are the techniques of cost reduction. explain in brief 2
10. Explain activity based cost management? 1

11. What is JIT? How JIT helps in cost reduction? 2
12. What is TQM? Explain in brief 2
13. What is SCM? Explain in brief 2
14. What is Cost Allocation? 1
15. What is direct cost and indirect cost? 2
16. What is Fixed cost and variable cost? 2
17. List the project evaluation techniques? Explain one of the technique in brief 2
18. List the sources of capital? 2
19. What is capital budgeting? What are the steps in capital budgeting? 2
20. Write a short note on Time Value of money? 2
21. Explain Cost Volume profit analysis with respect to following 3
- Mechanics of breakeven chart
 - Profit planning and breakeven chart
 - Margin of Safety
22. Define 2
- Non Current Liabilities
 - Current Liabilities
 - Non Current Assets
 - Current Assets
23. State the objectives of Fund flow statement 2
24. Explain the types of Ration analysis along with formula 2
25. A project requires an initial investment of \$225,000 and is expected to generate the following net cash inflows:

2

Year	1	2	3	4
Cash inflow	\$95,000	\$80,000	\$60,000	\$55,000

Compute net present value of the project if the minimum desired rate of return is 12%.

26. Choose the most desirable investment proposal from the following alternatives using profitability index method:

2

	<u>Proposal X</u>	<u>Proposal Y</u>	<u>Proposal Z</u>
Present value of net cash flow	\$212,000	\$171,800	\$185,200
Amount required to invest	200,000	160,000	180,000
	-----	-----	-----
Net present value	12,000	11,800	5,200
	-----	-----	-----

27. LASANI Stone Crushing company is considering to purchase a new machine. The cost of the machine is \$360,000 and the life of the machine is 10 years. The machine will reduce annual costs by \$75,000.

The management uses payback period method to evaluate capital investments because the quick recovery of any capital investment is very important for the company.

Required: Compute the payback period for this proposal. Would the company purchase new machine if maximum desired payback period of the management is 4 years?

28. The National Food Company is comparing two proposals – proposal L and proposal M. Proposal L has a useful life of 7 years whereas proposal M has a useful life of 4 years. Both the proposals require an equal initial investment of \$180,000. The information about cash inflow expected from proposal L and proposal M is given below:

2

Net Cash Flows

Year	Proposal L	Proposal M
1	\$60,000	\$60,000
2	\$60,000	\$60,000
3	\$50,000	\$60,000
4	\$40,000	\$60,000
5	\$30,000	
6	\$30,000	
7	\$20,000	

The management of National Food Company wants a 10% rate of return on capital investments.

Required: Compare two proposals using net present value method.

29. Following is the contribution margin income statement of a single product company:

5

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Per unit</u>
Sales	\$1,200,000	\$80
Less variable expenses	\$840,000	\$56
	-----	----
<u>Contribution margin</u>	360,000	\$24
Less fixed expenses	300,000	----

Net operating income	\$60,000	

Required:

1. Calculate break-even point in units and dollars.
2. What is the contribution margin at break-even point?
3. Compute the number of units to be sold to earn a profit of \$36,000.
4. Compute the margin of safety using original data.
5. Compute CM ratio. Compute the expected increase in monthly net operating if sales increase by \$160,000 and fixed expenses do not change.

30. Delta Woods Inc., manufactures wood products that are used in small and medium size offices. One of the products is a chair.

2

Last month Delta manufactured 4,000 chairs. The company purchased and used 11,000 feet of wood. The total cost of 11,000 feet of wood was \$37,400.

According to direct materials price and quantity standards, one chair requires 2.5 feet of wood at a cost of \$3.60.

Required:

1. Compute the standard cost of wood required to manufacture 4,000 chairs. Also compute the difference between actual cost incurred and standard cost.
2. Compute materials price and quantity variance.